TYPE : MCQ

Q1. Full form of NSSO

- A. National Sample Survey Organization
- B. National Small Survey Organization
- C. National Sample Survey Office
- D. National Sample Service Organization
- Q2. Which of the following is not included in the World Health Organization's definition of health?
  - A. Physical health
  - B. Mental health
  - C. Social health
  - D. Political health

Q3. The administrative structure of public health service in India is tow-winged is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Secretarial and Technical
- B. Secretarial and Health
- C. None of the above
- D. Both of the above

Q4. Who is in charge of Health Secretariat and Technical Departments?

- A. Ministry of Health
- B. Health Secretariat
- C. Dean
- D. None of the above

Q5. Which of the following is the oldest medical system on earth?

- A. Ayurveda
- B. Yunani
- C. Homeopathy
- D. Allopathy
- Q6. In which article of the Constitution, health matters are included?
  - A. 246
  - B. 245
  - C. 257
  - D. 258

- Q7. In which year the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare of the Government of India adopted a health policy?
  - A. 1983
  - B. 1984
  - C. 1988
  - D. 1985

Q8. In which year was the blindness eradication program announced?

- A. 1998
- B. 1995
- C. 1990
- D. 2000

Q9. Who invented homeopathy?

- A. Dr. Hahnemann
- B. Dr. Homias
- C. Dr. Homibhabha
- D. Dr. Harrick
- Q10. Homeopathy is a \_\_\_\_\_ method
  - A. Medication
  - B. Exercise
  - C. Nutritious diet
  - D. None of the above

### Q11. In which year the Right to Education Act came into existence?

- A. 1 April , 2010
- B. 10 April, 2010
- C. 11 April, 2010
- D. 1 April , 2011

Q12. Which of the following treatment methods is not used in Unani Therapy?

- A. Regimental Therapy
- B. Dietotherapy
- C. Pharmaco Therapy
- D. Meditation

### Q13. Allopathy is a recognized medicine in which period?

- A. Modern
- B. Postmodern

- C. In the Middle Ages
- D. In ancient times

Q14. What method is used to prepare medicine in allopathy?

- A. Chemical
- B. Ayurvedic
- C. Both of the above
- D. None of the above

Q15. When was the Life Insurance Corporation of India established?

- A. 1 September, 1956
- B. 1 August, 1956
- C. 1 September, 1955
- D. 1August, 1955

# Q16. In which year did India accept globalization?

- A. 1990
- B. 1991
- C. 1992
- D. 1993

# Q17. Which of the following is not a modern technology method.

- A. Yunani
- B. Sonography
- C. Angiography
- D. Angioplasty

#### Q18. Full form of NGO

- A. Non Government Organization
- B. National Government Organization
- C. National Government Office
- D. None of the above

#### Q19. Which of the following is a new branch of tourism?

- A. Nature tourism
- B. Himalayan tourism
- C. Health tourism
- D. None of the following

#### Q20. The full form of RTE

- A. Right to education
- B. Right to election
- C. Both of the above
- D. None of the above

#### Q21. Who is called the father of demographics?

- A. John Great
- B. Spencer
- C. Weber
- D. Marx
- Q22. In which five year plan was the population policy introduced in India?

- A. The second
- B. Fourth
- C. Fifth
- D. The first
- Q23. Which thinker coined the term demographics in 1955?
  - A. Achilles llord
  - B. August Comte
  - C. Weber
  - D. Durkheim

- Q24. In the book 'Arthashastra', which thinker proposed the idea of population census in agriculture and economic context?
  - A. Aristotle
  - B. Plate
  - C. Mack Valley
  - D. Kautilya
- Q25. What is the nature of population change and its effect on society?
  - A. Short term and long term
  - B. Short term
  - C. Long term
  - D. None of the above
- Q26. Which factors are important for the success of a government scheme?
  - A. Education
  - B. Employment
  - C. Population
  - D. The job

- Q27. Which is the science of finding information about the numerical nature of a population?
  - A. Sociology
  - B. Demographics
  - C. Economics
  - D. Political Science
- Q28. Birth, death, migration and social mobility are studied in which of the above subjects?
  - A. Geography
  - B. History
  - C. Demographics
  - D. Marathi
- Q29. What is the total number of people living in a certain area at a certain time?
  - A. Population
  - B. Census
  - C. Voters
  - D. Candidate
- Q30. In which science are the factors that change the structure of the population studied?
  - A. History
  - B. Political Science
  - C. Population
  - D. Economics
- Q31. Which factors are studied as important factors affecting the overall population size and morphology?

- A. Migration
- B. Internal migration
- C. Birth rate and mortality rate
- D. Mortality

Q32. Which other factors are studied in demography besides just a numerical approach?

- A. Qualitative
- B. Terrain
- C. Teaching
- D. Politics

Q33. Which sciences play an important role in the economic development of any country?

- A. Sociology
- B. Political Science
- C. Demographics
- D. Geography

Q34. How many years does the census take place in India?

- A. After 5 years
- B. After 7 years
- C. After 8 years
- D. \*After 10 years
- Q35. What is the current population of India?
  - A. 115 croresB. 120 crores
  - C.125 crores
  - C.125 crores
  - D. 130+ crores

- Q36. When was the Mumbai Metropolitan Region Regional Plan launched?
  - A. December 1999
  - B. January 2000
  - C. January 2002
  - D. December 2000
- Q37. Who was appointed as Special Planning Authority for redevelopment of old buildings in Mumbai city?
  - A. MMRDA
  - B. CIDCO
  - C. BMC
  - D. None of the above

Q38. What law was enacted to keep on the builders lobby?

- A. FSI Act
- B. LBS Act
- C. ATB Act
- D. IKC

Q39. What is City Development Authority Scheme implemented for?

- A. To build a new building
- B. Redevelopment of old buildings
- C. Slum redevelopment
- D. None of the above

### Q40. When was the Bombay Rent Act enacted?

- A. 1945
- B. 1950
- C. 1947

D. 1980

Q41. Under which law both the landlord and the tenant are protected?

- A. 1999 Rental Act
- B. 2000 Tenancy Act
- C. 2005 Rental Act
- D. The Tenancy Act of 2010

Q42. Which organization works to repair the building?

- A. BMC
- B. CIDCO
- C. MHADA
- D. BCCI

Q43. When was the first Bombay Spinning Mill established in Mumbai?

- A. 1855
- B. 1857
- C. 1860
- D. 1854

Q44. Some textile mills were owned by Indians, while some textile mills were owned by whom?

- A. France
- B. Japan
- C. British
- D. None of this

#### Q45. Which was the largest industry in India?

- A. Home industry
- B. Textile industry
- C. Dairy business
- D. Goat rearing

- Q46. What is the position of India in the world as a producer of cotton yarn and cloth?
  - A. First
  - B. second
  - C. Third
  - D. Fourth

Q47. When did Kasavaji Nanabhai Davar start the first textile factory at Kurla in Mumbai?

- A. 1854
- B. 1857
- C. 1858
- D. 1860

Q48. Out of 193 textile mills in India in the 19th century, how many textile mills were there in Mumbai alone?

- A. 80
- B. 85
- C. 83
- D. 82

Q49. By what name was Mumbai known for its textile mills?

- A. Mumbadevi
- B. Girangaon
- C. Kalbadevi
- D. None of the above
- Q50. Which is the largest slum in Asia?
  - A. Kamaraj Nagar
  - B. Thakkarbappa Nagar

- C. Labor Camp
- D. Dharavi

Q51. Failure to confirm with the customary norms is known as\_\_\_.

- A. Deviance
- B. Crime
- C. Law
- D. None of these

Q52. Deviance is easy to define in a\_\_\_\_\_ society

- A. Simple Society
- B. Complex Society
- C. Both of these
- D. None of these

Q53. In a\_\_\_\_\_\_Society, killing of an enemy is a right act or punishing a deviant person may also be correct.

- A. Tribal Society
- B. Industrial Society
- C. Agricultural Society
- D. All of the above

Q54. Deviance is \_\_\_\_\_\_designed.

- A. Socially
- B. Physically
- C. Economically
- D. All of these

Q55. \_\_\_\_\_ means acting different from social norms.

- A. Deviance
- B. Crime
- C. Law
- D. All of these

Q56. In\_\_\_\_\_, no standards are fixed or well defined.

- A. Deviance
- B. Crime
- C. Law
- D. All of these
- Q57. ----- means those activities that do not conform to the norms and expectations of members of a particular society.
  - A. Deviance
  - B. Crime
  - C. Law
  - D. All of these
- Q58. Deviance refers to
  - A. A trait
  - B. A behavior or action
  - C. Something that is always a crime
  - D. Both A and B

Q59. An act of committed violation of the law

- A. Anomie
- B. Deviant
- C. Stigma
- D. Crime

Q60. Theory that society creates deviance by identifying and labelling particular members as deviant

- A. Rehabilitation
- B. Control Theory
- C. Labelling Theory
- D. Strain Theory
- Q61. Deviance in which an individual's life and identity are organized around breaking society's norms
  - A. Negative Deviance
  - B. Positive Deviance
  - C. Secondary Deviance
  - D. All of the above

Q62. Rewards or punishments that encourage conformity to social norms.

- A. Negative Deviance
- B. Positive Deviance
- C. Secondary Deviance
- D. Social Sanctions

Q63. System comprising institutions and processes responsible for enforcing criminal statutes.

- A. Criminal Justice System
- B. Positive Deviance

- C. Secondary Deviance
- D. Social Sanctions

Q64. A person who breaks significant societal or group norms and not the legal laws.

- A. Deviant
- B. Deviant
- C. Both
- D. None

Q65. Job-related crimes committed by high-status people

A.White collar Crime B.Deviant Act C.Labelling theory D.Functionalism

Q66. \_\_\_\_\_ media has a great influence on masses.

- A. PUBG
- B. Social media
- C. Kabaddi
- D. Tiktok
- Q67. In which year the United Nations Ade the Universal Declaration of Human Rights laying down certain freedoms for the mankind.
  - A. 1948
  - B. 2000
  - C. 2009
  - D. 2020

Q68. The \_\_\_\_\_ is one of the indispensable pillars of democracy.

- A. Media
- B. Private office
- C. All of this
- D. None of this

Q69. Which of the following is considered to be a part of media ethics.

- A. Ensuring authenticity of news
- B. Use of socially acceptable language
- C. All of these
- D. None of these
- Q70. Which of the following are the forms of street media?
  - A. Posters
  - B. Banners
  - C. Sandwich Boards
  - D. All of these

Q71. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a sheet of paper on which a message is written.

- A. Facebook
- B. Poster
- C. All of these
- D. None of these

Q72. \_\_\_\_\_\_ are attractive neon signs that are used to advertise in the night.

- A. Electric displays
- B. Sandwich boards
- C. Instagram
- D. Facebook

Q73. \_\_\_\_\_ involves writing advertising messages in the sky.

- A. Sky advertising
- B. Electric displays
- C. Sandwich boards
- D. Instagram

Q74. Many companies advertise on road dividers in the form of \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Kiosks
- B. Electric displays
- C. Sandwich boards
- D. Instagram

Q75. An electronic community is called a \_\_\_\_\_ community.

- A. Virtual
- B. Personal
- C. In-group
- D. Out group
- Q76. An \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a forum where people can discuss thoughts or ideas on various topics.

- A. Online message board
- B. E-mail
- C. All of these
- D. None of these
- Q77. The development of online \_\_\_\_\_\_ allowed people to talk to whoever was online at the same time they were.
  - A. Email
  - B. Chat rooms
  - C. All of these
  - D. None of these

Q78. \_\_\_\_\_are the most interactive of all virtual community forms.

A.Virtual worlds B.Emails C.Facebook D.Chat rooms

- Q79. Which of the following is an example of social networking sites?
  - A. Facebook
  - B. Twitter
  - C. Instagram
  - D. All of these

- Q80. The fundamental view of \_\_\_\_\_\_ is to serve the people with news, views, comments and interest in an unbiased manner.
  - A. Lawyers
  - **B.** Professors
  - C. Journalism
  - D. Police

Q81. What is the definition of sex ratio?

- A. Number of deaths per 1,000 live births of children
- B. Number of women per 1000 men
- C. Number of women per 100000 men
- D. Number of men per 1000 women

Q82. What does infant mortality mean?

- A. The number of deaths per 1,000 live births of children under 1 year of age
- B. Death of children under the age of 5 years
- C. Death of children before the age of 6 months
- D. Death of children under the age of 3 years

Q83. Which age group is included to calculate Child Sex Ratio?

- A. 1-6 years
- B. 0-5 years
- C. 0-6 years
- D. 6 months

Q84. Which statement is NOT correct in respect to Child Sex Ratio?

- A. Arunachal Pradesh has the highest sex ratio in all states of India
- B. Kerala has the highest sex ratio in all states of India
- C. Haryana has the lowest sex ratio in all states of India
- D. Child sex ratio has decreased in 2011 as compared to 2001 census

Q85. What is the Maternal Mortality Rate?

- A. Women's death occurred before 9th month of pregnancy
- B. The annual number of female deaths per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy.

- C. The death of women occurred within 2 year of childbirth
- D. None of the above

Q86. What is the correct descending order on the basis of the number of sex ratio in the states?

- A. Kerala <Chhattisgarh <Mizoram <Andhra Pradesh
- B. Arunachal Pradesh <Kerala <Manipur <Meghalaya
- C. Meghalaya <Kerala << Chhattisgarh <Tamilnadu
- D. Kerala <Tamil Nadu <Andhra Pradesh <Chhattisgarh
- Q87. According to Census 2011, how much was the Total Fertility Rate (TFR) in India?
  - A. 2.1
  - B. 2.3
  - C. 2.4
  - D. 2.0
- Q88. Which of the following statements is NOT true with reference to the Total Fertility Rate (TFR)?
  - A. The number of children born in the entire reproduction period of a woman is called the Total Fertility Rate of that female
  - B. Bihar has the highest "Total Fertility Rate" of 3.3 among Indian state
  - C. The Total Fertility Rate (TFR) of West Bengal, Tamil Nadu and Delhi is equal
  - D. In India Buddhism has the lowest "Total Fertility Rate".
- Q89. According to the latest data released by the NITI Aayog in 2016; What is the Infant Mortality Rate in India in 2016?
  - A. 42 per 1000 live birthsB. 34 per 1000 live birthsC. 29 per 1000 live birthsD. 54 per 1000 live births

Q90. Which states of India have the lowest and highest Infant Mortality Rate respectively?

A. Kerala, Bihar B. Odisha, Jharkhand C. Goa, Madhya Pradesh D. Maharashtra, Uttar Pradesh Q91. What percentage of World's population lives in India?

A. 16.5% B. 17.5%

C. 20%

- D.15%
- Q92. At the present rates of population growth of India and China, by which year is India likely to overtake China as the world's most populous country?
  - A. 2025 B. 2040

C. 2030

D. 2050

Q93. During which decade did India see a negative population growth?

A. 1901-11 B. 1931-41 C. 1911-21 D. 1951-61

Q94. Which among the following is the least populated state in India?

- A. Sikkim B. Goa C. Manipur
- D. Mizoram

Q95. Which state in India has the lowest number of females in comparison to males?

- A. Bihar
- B. Rajasthan
- C. Punjab
- D. Haryana

Q96. Which among the following countries has a better gender ratio than India?

- A. Bhutan
- B. Pakistan
- C. China
- D. Afghanistan

Q97. What is the overall literacy rate of India as per 2011 census?

A. 74.04% B. 82.14% C. 76.06% D. 65.5%

Q98. Next to Delhi, which is the most populated Union Territory in India?

- A. Chandigarh B. Puducherry
- C. Daman and Diu
- D. Andaman and Nicobar

Q99. Which of the following States has the lowest literacy rate in India?

A. Rajasthan B. Jharkhand C. Chhattisgarh D. Bihar

Q100. The population of which of the following States is greater than that of Delhi?

- A. Uttarakhand
- B. Assam
- C. Himachal Pradesh
- D. Jammu and Kashmir

Q101. Animal behaviour, Migration, Migratory behavior, or Migratory may refer to:

- A. Animal migration, the physical movement by animals from one area to another
- B. Bird migration, the regular seasonal journey undertaken by many species of birds
- C. Reverse migration (birds), a phenomenon in bird migration
- D. All of the above
- Q102. Which of the following factor is the resultant of a large proportion of children in a population?
- A. High birth rates
- B. High life expectancies
- C. High death rates
- D. More married couples

Q103. Which of the following statement relates the magnitude of population growth?

- A. The total population of an area
- B. The number of persons added each year
- C. The rate at which the population increases

D. The number of females per thousand males

Q104. Which one of the following states has the highest density of population in India?

- A. West Bengal
- B. Kerala
- C. Uttar Pradesh
- D. Punjab

Q105. Which one of the following is the largest linguistic group of India?

- A. Sino Tibetan
- B. Indo Aryan
- C. Austria
- D. Dravidian

Q106. Which one of the following is the main reason for male migration in India?

- A. Education
- B. Business
- C. Work and employment
- D. Marriage

Q107. Which one of the following states receives maximum number of immigrants?

- A. Uttar Pradesh
- B. Delhi
- C. Maharashtra
- D. Bihar

Q108. Which one of the following streams is dominated by male migrants in India?

- A. Rural-rural
- B. Urban-rural
- C. Rural-urban
- D. Urban-Urban

Q109. Which one of the following region has the highest migrant population?

- A. Mumbai
- B. Delhi
- C. Bangalore
- D. Chennai

Q110. Which one of the following Indian state has the highest rank in the Human Development Index?

- A. Tamil Nadu
- B. Gujarat
- C. Kerala
- D. Jammu & Kashmir

Q111. When someone violate the law, we immediately inform :-

- A. Neighbours
- B. Relative
- C. Judge
- D. Police

Q112. Police generally do :-

- A. File report
- B. Arrest a person
- C. Both (a) & (b)
- D. None of these

Q113. An accused person is decided by :-

- A. Police
- B. Court
- C. Person himself
- D. All of these

Q114. Every person has a fundamental Right to be defended by a lawyer under the act

- A. Act 42
- B. Act 67
- C. Act 45
- D. Act 22

Q115. Constitution places a duty on the state to provide a lawyer to any citizen who is unable to engage one due to poverty or other disability.

- A. Act 39
- B. Act 22
- C. Act 43
- D. Act 67
- Q116. Key players of criminal justice system are :-
  - A. Police & public prosecutor
  - B. Defence lawyer & Judge
  - C. Both (a) & (b)
  - D. None of these

Q117. Police file a charge sheet in the court & \_\_\_\_\_

- A. If police arrest a person
- B. If a person is suspected for anything
- C. If a person commit a crime
- D. If investigation proved the person is accused.

Q118. Who decided the guilty or innocence of victim?

- A. Judge
- B. Police
- C. Neighbor
- D. None of these

Q119. Right not to be ill treated or tortured during arrest or in custody written under :-

- A. Act 22
- B. Act 52
- C. Act 43
- D. Act 67

Q120. Act 22 contains :-

- A. police has the Right to arrest any person without compliant
- B. A boy under 15 years of age & women can't be used as evidence against the accused
- C. Both (a) & (b)
- D. None of these

Q121. D. K. Basu guideline include :-

- A. The police official should wear, accurate & visible name tags with their identifications
- B. A memo of arrest should be prepared at the time of arrest
- C. Both (a) & (b)
- D. None of these
- Q122. FIR means :-
  - A. Formal Identification report
  - B. first information report
  - C. First Indian region
  - D. All of these

Q123. Public prosecutor is :-

- A. One who represents the interests of state
- B. One who investigate crime
- C. Both (a) & (b)

## D. None of these

## Q124. What is the role of Judge?

- A. Decide whether accused person is guilty or innocent
- B. May send the person to jail
- C. May impose a fine or both
- D. All of these

# Q125. What is a fair trial?

- A. The trail in the absence of accused
- B. The trail in the presence of accused
- C. Judge should not be there for judgment
- D. All of these

# Q126. What is the best way to chose judges?

- A. Nominating by legislature
- B. by Executive
- C. By political parties
- D. By people

Q127. The chief justice get retired at the age of :-

- A. 56 years
- B. 40 years
- C. 58 years
- D. 75 years

Q128. 'Rule of law' was defined by :-

- A. Dyasi
- B. Glade stone
- C. Laski
- D. Glade stone

Q129. The Indian judiciary consists of a \_\_\_\_\_\_ for entire nation.

- A. High Court
- B. Supreme Court
- C. District Court
- D. All of these

Q130. Marshal judge is related with :-

- A. Constitutional law
- B. international law
- C. Public law
- D. Rule of law

Q131. When one see violating the law, one immediately think of informing the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Police
- B. Judge
- C. Lawyer
- D. None of these

Q132. According to \_\_\_\_\_\_ every individual charged of a crime has to be given fair trial.

- A. law
- B. Constitution
- C. Police
- D. Judge

Q133. The judges of Supreme court are appointed by :-

- A. Prime Minister
- B. Vice President
- C. Ministers of council
- D. President

Q134. Judiciary of India is :-

- A. Less powerful than that of USA
- B. More powerful than that of USA
- C. Equal powerful than that of USA
- D. None of these

Q135. Which is the highest court of appeal in civil & criminal cases?

- A. District court
- **B. Supreme Court**
- C. High court
- D. All of these

Q136. Independence of judiciary means :-

- A. It is not under control of legislature or the executive
- B. It is under control of president

- C. Both (a) & (b)
- D. None of these

Q137. The judges of Supreme courts and High courts are appointed by

- A. M. P.
- B. Prime minister
- C. M. L. A.
- D. President

Q138. How many judges are removed by an 'Impeachment motion'?

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. Zero
- D. Seven
- Q139. The power & independence of the Indian Judiciary allow to act as the guardian of the :-
  - A. Fundamental duties
  - B. Directive principles of state policy
  - C. Moral duty
  - D. Fundamental Rights
- Q140. What is Public Interest Litigation?
  - A. Public is important than law
  - B. Nominate the leaders
  - C. Any one can approach to courts if public interest is hurt by the actions of government
  - D. All of these
- Q141. Define the term "SI".
  - A. International System
  - B. System in
  - C. Sign in
  - D. Sub Inspector
- Q142. Which one of the following is an important function of police?
  - A. To arrest the person on complaint
  - B. To arrest the neighbour of thief
  - C. To punish the accused
  - D. To send him to jail

Q143. An investigation include :-

- A. Statement of Witness
- B. statement of bill
- C. Statement of Judge
- D. All of these

Q144. The guidelines for the police investigation are laid down by :-

- A. Supreme Court
- B. Judge
- C. Constitution
- D. None of these
- Q145. Arrested person should be protested before a magistrate with in 24 hours of arrest comes under
  - A. Act 42
  - B. Act 51
  - C. Act 56
  - D. Act 22

Q146. Define the first step of investigation into crime.

- A. charge Sheet
- B. FIR
- C. Investigation
- D. Punishment

Q147. FIR usually mentioned :-

- A. Date
- B. Time & place
- C. Detail the basic facts & descriptions of event
- D. All of these

Q148. FIR report is signed by :-

- A. Judge
- B. Complainant
- C. Police
- D. Lawyer

Q149. All of these criminal offences are regarded as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Public Right
- B. Livelihood Right
- C. Personal Right
- D. Public wrong

Q150. The prosecutor must conduct the prosecution on the behalf of the \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. State
- B. Centre
- C. state & centre
- D. All of these

Q151. If the accused is convicted, then the judge pronounced the \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Reward
- B. Award
- C. prosecution
- D. Sentence

Q152. "Right of law" includes :-

- A. every person has right to live.
- B. All of these person's life can be taken away only by following a reasonable & just procedure.
- C. Both (a) & (b)
- D. None of these

### Q153. Public prosecutor function are :-

- A. Cross examine the Victim
- B. Argue the case of Victim
- C. Both (a) & (b)
- D. None of these

### Q154. Which one of the following is a function of judge?

- A. Investigation
- B. Arrest the accused
- C. Cross examination
- D. Pass the sentence
- Q155. Which one of the following is a function of police?
  - A. Conduct a fair trail
  - B. meet the accused person
  - C. Arrest the person

D. All of these

Q156. Which one of the following is a function of Defence lawyer?

- A. Investigation
- B. Arrest the accused
- C. Cross examination
- D. Pass the sentence

Q157. Define the term 'Impartial'

- A. Pass a judgment
- B. the act of being fair & not favoring one side over other
- C. Fair trail
- D. None of these

Q158. Define the term "Offence"

- A. Any act that the law defines to be a crime
- B. Fair trail
- C. Passing a judgment
- D. Accused will put in jail

Q159. All persons are equal before \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Judge
- B. Minister
- C. police
- D. Law

Q160. Detention means :-

- A. Praise given by the police
- B. act of being kept in illegal custody by the police
- C. Both (a) & (b)
- D. None of these