Sheth NKTT College of Commerce and Sheth JTT College of Arts,Thane (Autonomous) (Affiliated to University of Mumbai) Credit Structure as per NEP-2020 (w.e.f. 2024-25)

F.Y. B.Sc. (Information Technology)

	Semester I Subjects	Credits		Semester II Subjects	Credits
Major		2	BSO201	1. Object Oriented	2
BSP101	1. Principles of			Programming with C++	
	programming	2	BSM202		2
BSM102	with C			2. Microprocessor	
	2. Database			Architecture with 8085	
	Management				
	System				
	5				
Major	1. Principles of	2	BSOMP203	1. Object Oriented	2
BSPDP103	programming			Programming with C++	
	with C and			and Microprocessor	
	DBMS Practical			Architecture with 8085	
	DENISTRUCTION			Practical	
Minor			PSN204	Numerical Methods	2
RSD104	OF 1:Digital Marketing	2	BS11204 RSF205	OF1: Financial Market	2
BSD104 BSO105	OE 2:Organizational	2	BSF205 BSF206	OE1: Introduction to Corporate	$\frac{2}{2}$
D 50105	Behaviour	2	DS1200	L aw	2
BST106	1 VSC: Discrete	2	BSE207	1 VSC: Fundamentals of	2
D 51100	Mathematics	2	D SE207	Digital Electronics	2
	Wathematics			Digital Electronics	
BSTPP107	2 SEC: Discrete	2		2 SEC: Fundamentals of	2
	2. SLC. Discrete Mathematics			Digital Electronics	
	Practical using			Practical	
	scilab			Tractical	
DSC109		2	DSW208	1 AEC: Corporate	2
DSC100	1. AEC.Corporate	2	DS W 200	1. AEC. Corporate	2
	communication-1			communication-11	
BSG109		2			
Dodio	2. VEC.: Green	2	BSG209	2 VEC: Crean Technology II	2
	Technology : 1		00010	2. VEC: Green Technology-II	-
BSK110		2			
	2 IKS: Evolution of				
	IT				
	11				
BSS1011	1. CC: NSS/	2	BSS2010	1. CC : NSS/ Sports/	2
BSL1011	Sports/ Cultural/		BSL2010	Cultural/Yoga	
BSP1011	Yoga		BSP2010		
	1054				
	Total	22			22
					_

Programme Name: B. Sc (Information Tech	nology) Semester: II		
Course Category/Vertical: Major			
Name of the Dept: Science and Technology			
Course Title: Object Oriented Programmin	g with C++		
Course Code: BSO201 Course Level: 4.5			
Type: Theory			
Course Credit: 2 credits			
Hours Allotted: 30 Hours			
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks			
Course Objectives (CO):			
1. Be able to explain the difference betwee	een Object Oriented programming and		
procedural programming and program	using more advanced C++ features such as		
composition of classes and objects.			
2. Be able to understand Concept of Polymorphism and virtual functions and Exception			
Handling.			
Course Outcomes (OC):			
OC 1 . Understand the concept of OOPs feature	re of C++ language apply various types of		
Datatypes Operators Conversions while designing the program			
	re accelering are high and		
OC 2. Understand and apply the concepts of Classes & Objects, friend function, constructors			
& destructors in program design, various forms of inheritance.			
Description of the course: The Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)			
	syllabus introduces fundamental concepts such		
	as classes, objects, methods, and attributes.		
	Students learn key principles, including		
	encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and		
	abstraction, which are essential for designing		
	modular and reusable code.		

Syllabus: NEP 2020 w.e.f 2024-25

Unit No.	Content	Hours
Ι	 Object Oriented Methodology: Introduction, Advantages and Disadvantages of Procedure Oriented Languages, Application of OOPS, Principles of OOPS: Objects, Classes, Data Abstraction and Data Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Dynamic Binding, Message Passing. Classes and Objects: Simple classes (Class specification, class members accessing), Defining member functions, passing object as an argument, Returning object from functions, friend classes, friend function. Constructors and Destructors: Introduction, Default Constructor, Parameterized Constructor and examples, Destructors. Program development using Inheritance: Introduction, Advantages provided by inheritance, choosing the access specifier, Derived class declaration, derived class constructors, class hierarchies, multiple inheritance, multilevel inheritance, hybrid inheritance. 	15
Π	 Polymorphism: Concept of function overloading, overloaded operators, overloading unary and binary operators. Virtual Functions: Introduction and need, Pure Virtual Functions, this Pointer, abstract classes, virtual destructors. Exception Handling: Introduction, Exception Handling Mechanism, Concept of throw & catch with example. 	15
	Total Hours	30

- 1. Object Oriented Programming in C++, E Balagurusamy
- Object-Oriented Programming in C++, Robert Lafore
 Programming with ANSI C++, Bhushan Trivedi

(Autonomous)

Semester: II

Course Level:4.5

Programme Name: B. Sc (Information Technology)

Course Category: Major

Name of the Dept: Science and Technology

Course Title: Microprocessor Architecture with 8085

Course Code: BSM202

Type: Theory

Course Credit: 2

Hours Allotted: 30 Hours

Marks Allotted: 50 Marks

Course Objectives:

To make learner understand

- 1. The microprocessor architecture and memory interface.
- 2. I/O interfacing with microprocessor and 8085 basic instructions.
- 3. The assembly programs using 8085.
- 4. The concept of looping, counters, and time delays in 8085 with instructions. The concept of stack and subroutine.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO1. Understand basic knowledge of microprocessors and understand the architecture of a microprocessor 8085.

CO2. Map memory with processor understand the instruction set of 8085 and concepts of timers and subrounting.

Description of the course:	Microprocessor Architecture with 8085 provides fundamental	
	knowledge about computer architecture, instruction cycle,	
	components of microprocessor, Intel 8085 and assembly	
	programming.	

Unit No.	Content	Hours
Ι	Microprocessor, microcomputers, and Assembly	15
	Language: Microprocessor, Microprocessor Instruction Set	
	and Computer Languages, From Large Computers to Single-Chip	
	Microcontrollers, Applications.	
	Microprocessor Architecture and Microcomputer System:	
	Microprocessor Architecture and its operations, Memory, I/O Devices,	
	Microcomputer System, Logic Devices and Interfacing,	
	Microprocessor-Based System Application.	
	8085 Microprocessor Architecture and Memory Interface:	
	Introduction, 8085 Microprocessor unit, 8085-Based Microcomputer,	
	Memory Interfacing, Interfacing the 8085 memory segment.	
	Interfacing of I/O Devices : Basic Interfacing Concepts, Interfacing	
	Output Displays, Interfacing Input Devices, Memory Mapped I/O,	
	Testing and Troubleshooting I/O Interfacing Circuits.	
II	Introduction to 8085 Assembly Language Programming: The	15
	8085 Programming Model, Instruction Classification, Instruction,	
	Data and Storage, writing assembling and Execution of a simple	
	program, Overview of 8085 Instruction Set, Writing and Assembling	
	Program.	
	Introduction to 8085 Instructions: Data Transfer Operations,	
	Arithmetic Operations, Logic Operation, Branch Operation, Writing	
	Assembly Languages Programs, Debugging a Program.	
	Programming Techniques With Additional Instructions:	
	Programming Techniques: Looping, Counting and Indexing,	
	Additional Data Transfer and 16-Bit Arithmetic Instructions	
	Arithmetic Instruction Related to Memory, Logic Operations: Rotate,	
	Logics Operations: Compare, Dynamic Debugging.	
	Counters and Time Delays: Counters and Time Delays, Illustrative	
	Program: Hexadecimal Counter, Illustrative Program: zero-to-nine	
	(Modulo Ten) Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging	
	Counter and Time-Delay Programs	
	Stacks and Sub-Koutines: Stack, Subroutine, Restart, Conditional Call Return Instructions Advanced Subroutine concepts	
	Total Hours	30

Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Microprocessors Architecture,	Ramesh Gaonkar	PENRAM	Fifth	2012
	Programming and Applications with				
	the 8085.				
2.	Computer System Architecture	M. Morris Mano	PHI		1998
3.	Structured Computer Organization	Andrew C.	PHI		
		Tanenbaum			
4.	8080A/8085 Assembly	Lance A.	Osborne		1978
	Language Programming	Leventhel			

Programme Name: B.Sc (I	nformation Technology)	Semester: II
Course Category/Vertical: N	Lajor State Stat	
Name of the Dept: Science	and Technology	
Course Title: Object Orien	ted Programming with C++ and	l Microprocessor Architecture
with 8085 – F	ractical	
Course Code: BSOMP203		Course Level: 4.5
Type: Practical		
Course Credit: 2 credits (1 c	redit = 30 Hours of Practical wor	k in a Semester)
Hours Allotted: 60 Hours		
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks		
Course Objectives (CO):		
1. Be able to explain th	e difference between Object Orie	nted programming and
procedural programm	ning and program using more adv	vanced C++ features such as
composition of object	ts, operator overloads, inheritanc	e and polymorphism, file I/O,
exception handling,	etc.	
2. Concept of classes an	nd objects, constructors and destructors	uctors, Polymorphism and virtual
functions.		
3. To make learner und	erstand the microprocessor archit	ecture and memory interface and
I/O interfacing with	microprocessor with 8085 basic	instructions.
4. To understand the as and time delays in 80	sembly programs using 8085 and 85 with instructions also the con-	the concept of looping, counters, cept of stack and subroutine.
Course Outcomes (OC):		
OC 1. Understand the conce	pt of OOPs, feature of C++ langu	age, apply various types of
Datatypes, Operators	, Conversions while designing th	e program.
OC 2. Understand and apply	the concepts of Classes & Objec	ts, friend function, constructors
& destructors in prog	ram design, various forms of inhe	eritance
OC 3. Understand basic kno a microprocessor 80	wledge of microprocessors and u 85.	nderstand the architecture of
OC 4. Map memory with pro	cessor understand the instruction	n set of 8085 and concepts
of timers and subrour	nting.	

Sr.	Content	Hours
No.		
Ι	Object Oriented Programming with C++	30
	Practical No. 1	
a	Write a C++ program to create a simple calculator.	
b	Write a C++ program to convert seconds into hours, minutes and seconds.	
c	Write a C++ program to find the volume of a square, cone, and rectangle.	
	Practical No. 2	
a	Write a C++ program to find the greatest of three numbers.	
b	Write a C++ program to find the sum of even and odd n natural numbers	
c	Write a C++ program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n,	
	where n is a value supplied by the user	
	Practical No. 3	
a	Write a C++ program using classes and object Student to print name of the	
-	student, roll_no. Display the same.	
b	Write a C++ program for Structure bank employee to print name of the	
	employee, account_no. & balance. Display the same also display the balance	
	after withdraw and deposit	
c	Design the class Demo which will contain the following methods: readNo(),	
	factorial() for calculating the factorial of a number, reverseNo() will reverse	
	the given number, isPalindrome() will check the given number is	
	paindrome, isArmstrong() which will calculate the given number is	
d	Write a program to domenstrate function definition outside along and accessing	
u	while a program to demonstrate function deminition outside class and accessing	
	Practical No. 4	
9	Write a friend function for adding the two complex numbers using a single	
a	class	
h	Write a friend function for adding the two different distances and display its	
~	sum, using two classes.	
с	Write a friend function for adding the two matrix from two different classes	
	and display its sum	
d	Write a Program to find Maximum out of Two Numbers using friend function.	
	Practical No. 5	
a	Design a class Complex for adding the two complex numbers and also show	
	the use of constructor.	
b	Design a class Geometry containing the methods area() and volume() and also	
	overload the area()function	
c	Design a class Static Demo to show the implementation of static variable and	
	static function	
d	Write a C++ program to overload new/delete operators in a class.	
e	Write a C++ Program to generate Fibonacci Series by using Constructor to	
	initialize the Data Members.	
	Practical No. 6	
a	Overload the operator unary(-) for demonstrating operator overloading	
b	Overload the operator + for adding the timings of two clocks, and also pass	
	objects as an argument.	

c	Overload the + for concatenating the two strings. For e.g "Py"	
	Practical No. 7	
a	Implement the concept of method overriding.	
b	Show the use of virtual function	
c	Show the implementation of abstract class.	
	Practical No. 8	
a	Write a C++ Program that illustrate single inheritance.	
b	Write a C++ Program that illustrate multiple inheritance.	
c	Write a C++ Program that illustrate multi-level inheritance.	
d	Write a C++ Program that illustrate Hierarchical inheritance.	
	Practical No. 9	
a	Show the implementation of exception handling	
b	Show the implementation for exception handling for strings	
c	Show the implementation of exception handling for using the pointers.	
	Practical No. 10	
a	Design a class File Demo open a file in read mode and display the total number	
	of words and lines in the file.	
b	Design a class to handle multiple files and file operations	
c	Design a editor for appending and editing the files	
d	Design a class File Demo open a file in read mode and display the total number	
	of words and lines in the file.	

II	Microprocessor Architecture	30
	1 - Perform the following Operations related to memory locations:	
	a) Exchange the contents of memory locations C200H and C201H.	
	 b) Add the contents of memory locations C200H and C201H and place the result in the memory locations C202H and C203H. Subtract the contents of memory location C201H from the memory location C200H and place the result in memory location C004H. 	
	2 - Simple assembly language programs I:	
	 a) Add the 16-bit number in memory locations C200H and C201H to the 16- bit number in memory locations C202H and C203H. The most significant eight bits of the two numbers to be added are in memory locations C200H and C202H. Store the result in memory locations C204H and C205H with the most significant byte in memory location 4005H. 	
	 b) Subtract the 16-bit number in memory locations C202H and C203H from the 16- bit number in memory locations C200H and C201H. The most significant eight bits of the two numbers are in memory locations C201H and C203H. Store the result in memory locations C204H and C205H with the most significant byte in memory location C205H. 	

3- Simple assembly language programs II :
a) Find the l's complement of the number stored at memory location C200H and store the complemented number at memory location C300H.
4 - Register Operations I:
a) Write a program to shift 8-bit data four bits right. Assume that data is in register C.
b) Program to shift 16-bit data 1 bit left. Assume data is in the HL register pair
c) Write a program to count the number of l's in the contents of D register and store the count in the B registers.
5 - Multiple memory locations I:
a) Multiply two 8-bit numbers stored in memory locations C200H and C201H by repetitive addition and store the result in memory locations C300H and C301H.
b) Divide the 16-bit number stored in memory locations C200H and C201H by the 8
bit number stored at memory location C202H. Store the quotient in memory
locations C300H and C301H and remainder in memory locations C302H and C303H.
6 - Multiple memory locations II:
a) Find the number of negative elements (most significant bit 1) in a block of data.
The length of the block is in memory location C200H and the block itself begins in
memory location C201H. Store the number of negative elements in memory
location C300H.
b) Find the largest number in a block of data. The length of the block is in memory
Maximum number in memory location C200H. Assume that the numbers in the
block are all 8-bit unsigned binary numbers.
7 - Calculations with respect to memory locations:
a) Write a program to sort given 10 numbers from memory location C200H in the ascending order.
b) Calculate the sum of a series of even / odd numbers from the list of numbers. The
length of the list is in memory location C200H and the series itself begins from
memory location C201H. Assume the sum to be an 8 bit number so you can ignore
carries and store the sum at memory location C250H.
8- Calculations with respect to memory locations:
a) Find the square of the given numbers from memory location C100H and store the result from memory location C200H.

b) A list of 50 numbers is stored in memory, starting at C200H. Find the number of
negative, zero and positive numbers from this list and store these results in memory
locations C300H, C301H, and C302H respectively.
Total Hours = 60

Programme Name: B. Sc (Information Techn	ology) Semester: II			
Course Category/Vertical: Minor				
Name of the Dept: Science and Technology				
Course Title: Numerical Methods				
Course Code: BSN204	Course Level:4.5			
Type: Theory				
Course Credit: 2 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours for	r Theory)			
Hours Allotted: 30 Hours				
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks				
Course Objectives:				
CO1. To be able to precisely solve problems us	ing mathematical modeling & find solution for			
a solvable to unsolvable problems.				
CO2. To find an answer or solution close to answer, without even knowing what the answer is				
Course Outcomes (OC):				
Learners will be able to,				
OC 1: Understand the numerical technique to f	ind the roots of non linear equation &			
difference operator with use of interpola	tion			
OC2: Understand the numerical differentiation	& integration.			
Description the course: As an IT student, learning numerical methods				
(Including but not limited to)	gives you a strong foundation in mathematical			
	modeling and computational approaches,			
which are useful in a variety of fields and				
	occupations.			

Unit No.	Content	Hours		
Ι	Introduction : Differential Equations, Matrix Analysis, Matrix Eigenvalue Problem, Errors and Approximations, Iterative Methods.			
	Numerical Solution of Equations of a Single Variable: Numerical Solution of Equations, Bisection Method, Regular Falsi Method, Fixed Point Method, Newton's raphson Method, Secant Method.			
	Numerical Solution of Systems of Equations: Linear Systems of Equations, Numerical Solution of Linear Systems, Gauss Elimination Method.			
	Interpolation : forward difference, Backward difference, Newton's forward difference interpolation, Newton's Backward difference Interpolation, Polynomial Regression, and Polynomial Interpolation.			
П	Numerical Differentiation and Integration: Numerical Differentiation, Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal, Simpson 1/3 rd rule, Simpsons 3/8 th rule.	15		
	Numerical solution of 1st & 2nd Order differential equation: Euler's method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-katta method for 1 st and 2 nd order differential equation			
	Total Hours	30		

Sr.No	Title	Authors	Publisher	Edition	Year
1	Numerical Methods for Engineers and Scientists Using MATLAB	Ramin S. Esfandiar	CRC Press	2 nd	2017
2	Introductory Methods of Numerical Method	S. S. Sastry	PHI	5 th	2012
3.	Numerical methods	T Veerarajun T Ramachadran	Tata Mc Graw Hill	7 th	2011

Programme Name: B.Sc (Information Techno	logy) Semester: II			
Course Category/Vertical : Open Elective				
Name of the Dept: Science and Technology				
Course Title: Financial Markets				
Course Code: BSF205	Course Level: 4.5			
Type: Theory				
Course Credit: 2 Credit(1 Credit is of 15 Hours)				
Hours Allotted: 30 Hours				
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks				
Course Objectives(CO): (List the course objectives)	ctives)			
CO 1. To provide students with the complete u	nderstanding of Indian financial Markets and			
its evolution.				
CO 2. To give an overview of financial markets, its classification and importance				
Course Outcomes (OC): (List the course outcomes)				
OC 1. After the successful completion of the	course the student will have Knowledge about			
Indian financial Markets as well as a b	rief understanding of financial systems in			
other nations.				
OC 2. Students will be aware about financial markets and its types.				
Description the course:	Basic Knowledge of Indian Financial Market			
(Including but not limited to) , Types and Understanding of Financial				
System				

Unit No.	Content		
I	Module-1: Indian Financial System And Financial Markets An introduction to the financial system, Components of Financial System Financial Markets, Definition, Functions Classification: Primary Market & Secondary Market Financial Markets Structure, Financial instruments	15	
II	Module-2: Commodity And Derivative Market Introduction to Commodities Market - Meaning History & Origin, Types of Commodities Traded, Structure of Commodities Market in India	15	
	Participants in Commodities Market, Introduction to Derivatives Market – Meaning, Elements of a Derivative Contract, Types of Derivatives, Types of Underlying Assets Participants in Derivatives Market, Difference Between Forwards & Futures		
	Total Hours	30	

- Financial Services and Markets By Dr.S. Gurusamy- Thomson Publication
- Banking & Financial Markets in India By Niti Bhasin New NC Century
- Indian Financial System By Dr.S.C.Bihari International Book House Pvt Ltd
- Financial Institutions And Markets By Bhole and Mahakud Mc Graw Hill

(Autonomous)

Course Level: 4.5

Programme Name: B.Sc. (Information Technology)Semester: IICourse Category: Open Elective

Name of the Dept: Science and Technology

Course Title: Introduction to Corporate Law

Course Code: BSI206

Type: Theory

Course Credit: 2 Credits

Hours Allotted: 30 Hours

Marks Allotted: 50 Marks

Course Objectives:

- CO 1: To acquaint students with corporate business laws in India.
- CO 2: To acquaint students with changing trends in the corporate legislation and its implementation in decision making and operations.

Course Outcomes:

- OC 1: Student will be able to understand corporate business laws in India.
- OC 2: Students will be able to adapt to the changing trends in the corporate legislations and exploit the opportunities to strengthen their competitive advantages.

Relevance:

- 1. Basic knowledge about formation of company is acquired.
- 2. Knowledge of Intellectual Properties gained.

Scope:

- 1. Individuals would be able to incorporate corporate entity of their own
- 2. Individual would be able to register Intellectual Property.
- 3. With registered IPs, proprietors stand to earn royalties and other commercial rewards.

Unit No.	Content	Hours		
Ι	COMPANIES ACT, 2013			
	Nature, Features and Classification of Companies			
	Advantages of companies as against other organizations			
	Formation of companies			
	Roles, Duties and Responsibilities of Key Managerial Personnel			
	Corporate Governance & Social Responsibilities			
II	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	15		
	Definition, Features and Classification of IPRs			
	Advantages of IPRs to the proprietary / inventors			
	The Patents Act, 1970			
	The Copyrights Act, 1957			
	The Trademarks Act, 1999			
	Total Hours	30		

- Taxmann, Companies Act 2013
- M.C.Bhandari, Guide to Company Law Procedures, LexisNexis Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur
- A.K. Mujumdar, Dr. G.K. Kapoor: Company Law and Practice; Taxmann, New Delhi.
- V.S. Datey: Corporate and Securities Law; Taxmann, New Delhi.
- B. L. Wadhera on patent, Trademarks, and copyright law.
- P. Narayan on intellectual property law.

Programme Name: B.Sc (Information Techno	logy) Semester: II				
Course Category/Vertical: Vocational Skill Co	urse				
Name of the Dept: Science and Technology					
Course Title: Fundamental of Digital Electronics					
Course Code: BSE207	Course Level:4.5				
Type: Theory					
Course Credit: 2 credits (1 credit = 15 Hours fo	r Theory in a semester)				
Hours Allotted: 30 Hours					
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks					
Course Objectives (CO):					
CO1: To introduce the basics of logic in digital electron	ctronics & interpret, analyze the conversions of				
number systems & Boolean expressions and design	simple logic circuits using tools such as Boolean				
Algebra and Karnaugh Mapping.					
CO2: To understand the state of a memory cell and	its types using flip-flops & create simple digital				
systems using counters, registers & implement its a	oplication				
Course Outcomes (OC):					
OC1: Apply number conversion techniques in real	digital systems & Solve Boolean algebra				
expressions & derive and design logic circuits by ap	plying minimization in SOP and POS forms				
OC2: Design and develop Combinational and Seque	ential circuits & understand and develop digital				
Description the course:	Digital electronics finds applications in numerous				
(Including but not limited to)	fields such as telecommunication. Industrial				
(including out not innited to)	automation & Embedded system. Digital				
	electronics expertise is pervasive across various				
sectors, driven by technological advancements,					
innovation, and the increasing integration of					
digital technologies into everyday life and					
	industrial processes.				
	-				

Unit No.	Content	Hours
Ι	 Digital Systems and Binary numbers Introduction to Number systems, Positional Number systems, Conversions (converting between bases), non-positional number systems, Binary Codes, number representation and storage in computer system. Logic gates and Logic Circuits Basic and Universal Gates Boolean algebra and Gate level minimization Introduction, Postulates of Boolean Algebra, Two Valued Boolean Algebra, Principle of Duality, Basic Theorems of Boolean Algebra, 	15
Π	Combinational logic Introduction, Analysis and Design Procedure for Combinational Logic Circuits, Types of Combinational Circuit. Sequential circuits Introduction, Latch, Flip-Flops, Registers, Counters, Review Questions Applications Bit Arithmetic and Logic unit, Carry look ahead generator, Binary Multiplication and Division algorithm, Booth's multiplication algorithm	15
	Total Hours	30

Sr.No	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Fundamentals of Digital Electronics and Logic Design	Subir Kumar Sarkar, Asish Kumar De, Souvil Sarkar	Pan Stanford Publishing	1 st	2014
2.	Digital Electronics Principles, Design and Applications	Anil K Maini	Wiley	1 st	2007
3.	Fundamental of Information Technology	Srivastava Cheton	Kalyani Publisher	2 nd	2009

Programme Name: B.Sc (Information Techno	logy) Semester: II				
Course Category/Vertical: Skill Enhancement Course					
Name of the Dept: Science and Technology					
Course Title: Fundamental of Digital Electro	nics Practical				
CourseCode:BSEP2011	Course Level:4.5				
Type: Practical					
Course Credit: 2 credits (1 credit = 30 Hours of	Practical work in a Semester)				
Hours Allotted: 60 Hours					
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks					
Course Objectives (CO):					
1. To apply and test the gates learnt using vario	us IC's .				
2. To evaluate the Boolean expression to reduce	e and minimize the gates used				
Course Outcomes (OC): Learners will be able t	0,				
1. Construct basic and universal logic circuits & Ver	rify the functionalities of various IC's.				
2. Design circuits using K-maps minimization techn	ique & test Encoders, Decoders, Multiplexers and				
Demultiplexers					
Description the course:	The practical knowledge gained by students				
(Including but not limited to)	of IT in digital electronics prepares them for				
careers in hardware design, embedded					
	systems development, telecommunications for				
communication protocol, testing &					
	troubleshooting & safety compliance.				

Sr. No	Content	Hours	
Ι	Study of basic gates :		
	A. To verify the truth tables of OR, AND, NOT		
	B. 10 study IC /404,/432, /408		
11	Study of universal gates:		
	A. To verify the truth tables of NAND, NOR		
	To study IC 7400, 7402		
111	Study of Boolean expressions		
	A. To verify De Morgan's laws		
TT 7	B. Implement the given expression using a minimum number of gates		
IV	Design and implement code converters		
	A. Design the circuit and implement Binary to BCD code converter		
	B. Design the circuit and implement Binary to XS-3 code converter		
V	Implement Adder circuits		
	A. Design the circuit and implement Half Adder		
	B. Design the circuit and implement Full Adder		
VI	Implement Subtractor circuits		
	A. Design the circuit and implement Half Subtractor		
N /TT	B. Design the circuit and implement Full Subtractor		
VII	Implement Encoders		
X /III	Design and implement 8: 5 encoder		
VIII	Implement Decoders		
	Design and implement 5:8 decoder		
IX	Multiplexers		
N	Design and implement 4:1 multiplexer		
X	Demultiplexer		
	. Design and implement 1:4 Demultiplexers	20	
	I otal Hours	50	

Sr.No	Title	Author	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Fundamentals of Logic	Charles H Roth,	Cengage	7 th	2014
	Design	Jr., Larry L	Learning		
		Kinney			
2.	Digital Electronics	Anil K Maini	Wiley	1 st	2007
	Principles, Design and				
	Applications				

	nology) Semester: II		
Course Category/Vertical: Ability Enhancen	ient Course		
Name of the Dept: Science and Technology			
Course Title: Corporate Communication – I	Ι		
Course Code: BSW208	Course Level:4.5		
Type: Theory			
Course Credit: 2 credits			
Hours Allotted: 30 Hours			
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks			
management skills, becoming aware about em branding and make learners aware about basic professional lives	etiquettes to be followed in personal and		
differentiate between listening and hearing and its impact on communication OC 2. Learners would develop their personality, learn time management skills, etiquettes, develop emotional intelligence along with their personal branding skills			
Description the course: (Including but not limited to)	Soft Skills are an integral part of individual		

Unit No.	Content	Hours
Ι	Introduction to Soft Skills – I	15
	Soft skills – Meaning, features, scope, importance, relevance of soft skills in the corporate world, relevance of soft skills in personal space, Soft skills v/s hard skills	
	Listening skills – Meaning, Importance, Essentials of good listening skills, Qualities of a good listener, Types of listening skills, Barriers to effective listening, Process of listening, Active v/s Passive Listening	
	Leadership – Meaning, Attributes of a good leader, Styles of leadership, Leading through change	
Π	 Personality Development and Etiquettes Personality – Meaning, Determinants of personality, Personality Traits Locus of Control, Type A and Type B Personality, Machiavellianism, Self-Monitoring Time Management – Meaning, Importance, principles of time management, 4 P's, 4D's of time management, Challenges in time management, Tips for good time management. Etiquettes – Meaning, Importance, Ethics v/s Etiquettes. Types of Etiquettes – Telephone Etiquettes, Email Etiquettes, Meeting Etiquettes, Dining Etiquettes, Cubicle Etiquettes, Dressing and Grooming Etiquettes, Social media Etiquettes, Internet Etiquettes, Workplace Etiquettes 	15
	Total Hours	30

References:

1. Daniel Coleman, Emotional Intelligence, Bantam Book, 20 ICT Academy of

Kerala, "Life Skills for Engineers", McGraw Hill Education (India)

PrivateLtd.,2016.

2. Caruso, D. R. and Salovey P, "The Emotionally Intelligent Manager: How to

Develop and Use the Four Key Emotional Skills of Leadership", John Wiley

& Sons, 2004.

3. Kalyana, "Soft Skill for Managers"; First Edition; Wiley Publishing Ltd, 2015.

Programme Name: B.Sc.(Informationn Techn	ology) Semester:II
Course Category/Vertical: Value Education C	ourse
Name of the Dept: Science and Technology	
Course Title: Green Technology – II	
Course Code: BSG209	Course Level:4.5
Type: Theory	
Course Credit: 2 credits	
Hours Allotted: 30 Hours	
Marks Allotted: 50 Marks	
 Course Objectives (CO): CO 1. Understand issues and modern approad for cooling your data center and the communications energy efficient. CO 2. Understand cloud computing in the various elements of clouds that contribut Course Outcomes (OC): OC 1. Develop knowledge about the concept gr sustainable IT products as well as Descr OC 2. Evaluate IT use in relation to environme reducing IT heating and cooling requirer Description the course: (Including but not limited to) 	ches of Green Computing and alternatives need for making computer networks and context of environmental sustainability and the to total energy consumption reen IT standards and certifications related to ibe green IT in relation to technology. Intal perspectives and Formulate plans for ments as well as Implement Green IT in RealLife The course introduces the learners to the concept of sustainable approach to IT resource management, focusing on minimizing environmental impact in the context of environmental concerns. The learners could upgrade their current understanding towards Green IT practices, reducing energy consumption and electronic waste, promoting efficient, cost-effective, and environmentally sustainable IT systems. Students would be able to explore new areas of IT professionals with expertise in Green IT.

Unit No.	Content	Hours
Ι	Overview and Issues: Problems: Toxins, Equipment Disposal,	15
	Company's Carbon Footprint: Measuring, Global Initiatives: United	
	Nations, Basel Action Network, Basel Convention, North America: The	
	United States, Canada, Australia, Europe, WEEE Directive, RoHS,	
	National Adoption, Asia: Japan, China, Korea.	
	Minimizing Power Usage: Power Problems, Monitoring Power	
	Usage, Servers, Low-Cost Options, Power Consumption, Reducing	
	Power Use, Data De-Duplication, Virtualization, Monitors, Power	
	Supplies, Wireless Devices	
II	Cooling: Cooling Costs, Power Cost, Causes of Cost, Calculating	15
	Cooling Needs, Reducing Cooling Costs, Economizers, On-Demand	
	Cooling, HP's Solution, Optimizing Airflow, Hot Aisle/Cold Aisle,	
	Raised Floors, Cable Management, Vapour Seal, Prevent Recirculation	
	of Equipment Exhaust, Supply Air Directly to Heat Sources, Fans,	
	Humidity, Adding Cooling, Fluid Considerations, System Design,	
	Datacentre Design, Centralized Control, Design for Your Needs.	
	Green Networks and Communications: Introduction, Objectives of	
	Green Network Protocols, Green Network Protocols and Standards.	
	Green Cloud Computing and Environmental Sustainability :	
	Introduction, What is Cloud Computing ?, Cloud Computing and	
	Energy Usage Model: A Typical Example, Features of Clouds Enabling	
	Green Computing, Green Cloud Architecture	
	Total Hours	30

- 1) Green IT Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, & Robert Elsenpete McGraw Hill 2008
- 2) Harnessing Green It Principles And Practices San Murugesan, G.R. Gangadharan WILEY
- Green Computing Tools and Techniques for Saving Energy, Money and Resources Bud E. Smith CRC Press 2014.